1 2	A BILL
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5	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:
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7	SECTION 1. This act must be known and may be cited as the "Charter School Accountability Act".
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9	SECTION 2. Section 59-40-40(4) of the S.C. Code is amended to read:
10	() Charter management company means any not-for-profit organization that (A) is exempt from
11	taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent
12	corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, and (B)
13	contracts with a charter school for educational design, implementation or whole school management
14	services.
15	() Education management company means any for-profit organization that contracts with a charter
16	school for educational design, implantation or whole school management services.
17	(4) "Sponsor Authorizer" means the South Carolina Public Charter School District Board of Trustees,
18	the local school board of trustees in which the charter school is to be located, as provided by law, a
19	public institution of higher learning as defined in Section 59-103-5, or an independent institution of
20	higher learning as defined in Section 59-113-50, from which the charter school applicant requested its
21	charter and which granted approval for the charter school's existence. Only those public or independent
22	institutions of higher learning, as defined in this subsection, who register registered with the South
23	Carolina State Department of Education as of July 1, 2022, or approved by an application process
24	developed by the State Board of Education pursuant to this chapter after July 1, 2022, may serve as
25	charter school sponsorsauthorizers, and the department shall maintain a directory of those institutions.
26	The sponsor authorizer of a charter school is the charter school's Local Education Agency (LEA) and
27	a charter school is a school within that LEA. The sponsor authorizer retains responsibility for special
28	education services and shall ensure that students enrolled in its charter schools are served in a manner
29	consistent with LEA obligations under applicable federal, state, and local law.
30	() Whole school management services means the financial, business, operation and administrative
31	functions for a school.
32	SECTION 3. Section 59-40-55(A) and (B) of the S.C. Code is amended to read:
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34	(A) In order to promote the quality of charter school outcomes and oversight, the charter school
35	sponsor-authorizer_shall adopt national industry standards of quality charter schools and shall authorize
36	and implement practices and implement policies, procedures, and practices that ensure good
37	governance and accountability and are consistent with those standards the charter school authorizer's [0126]

powers and duties as an LEA as provided in this chapter.

(B) A charter school sponsor authorizer shall:

- (1) approve charter applications that meet the requirements specified in Sections 59-40-50 and 59-40-60;
 - (2) decline to approve charter applications according to Section 59-40-70(C);
 - (3) negotiate and execute sound charter contracts with each approved charter school;
- (4) monitor, in accordance with charter contract terms, the performance and legal/fiscal compliance of charter schools to include collecting and analyzing data to support ongoing evaluation according to the charter contract;
- (5) conduct or require oversight activities that enable the <u>sponsor_authorizer</u> to fulfill its responsibilities outlined in this chapter, including conducting appropriate inquiries and investigations, only if those activities are consistent with the intent of this chapter, adhere to the terms of the charter contact, and do not unduly inhibit the autonomy granted to public charter schools;
- (6) collect, in accordance with Section 59-40-140(H), an annual report from each of its sponsored authorized charter schools and submit the reports to the Department of Education an annual the report on the performance of each of its sponsored charter schools and sponsor performance to the State Board of Education before June December thirtieth annually;
- (7) notify the charter school of perceived problems if its performance or legal compliance appears to be unsatisfactory and provide reasonable opportunity for the school to remedy the problem, unless the problem warrants revocation and revocation timeframes apply;
- (8) take appropriate corrective actions or exercise sanctions short of revocation in response to apparent deficiencies in charter school performance or legal compliance. These actions or sanctions may include requiring a school to develop and execute a corrective action plan within a specified timeframe:
 - (9) determine whether each charter contract merits renewal, nonrenewal, or revocation;
- (10) provide to parents and the general public information about charter schools authorized by the sponsor-authorizer as an enrollment option within the district in which the charter school is located to the same extent and through the same means as the district in which the charter school is located provides and publicizes information about all public schools in the district. A charter school shall notify its sponsor-authorizer of its enrollment procedures and dates of its enrollment period no less than sixty days before the first day of its enrollment period; and
- (11) permanently close any charter school at the conclusion of the school year after receiving the lowest performance level rating as defined by the federal accountability system for three consecutive years in accordance with Section 59-40-110(E); and
- (12) post in a prominent location on its website all charter school applications and any charter or education management contracts associated with those applications.

- (C) The South Carolina Public Charter School District may retain no more than two percent of the total state appropriations for each charter school it authorizes to cover the costs for overseeing its charter schools. The authorizer's administrative fee does not include costs incurred in delivering services that a charter school may purchase at its discretion from the authorizer. The authorizer's fee is not applicable to federal money or grants received by the charter school. The authorizer shall use its funding provided pursuant to this section exclusively for the purpose of fulfilling authorizer obligations in accordance with this chapter.
- 8 (D) The State Board of Education shall conduct regular reviews to monitor and evaluate the 9 performance of all charter school authorizers, informed by the annual report provided for in this section. The review process must include an examination of how authorizers meet standards and practices, an 10 evaluation of each authorizer's charter schools performance, and review of each authorizer's record of 11 renewal, revocation and authorization decisions. The State Board of Education shall issue citations of 12 13 concern to the authorizer and in the case of continuous poor performance may terminate a charter school 14 authorizer's registration. The State Board of Education shall allow an authorizer the ability to have a 15 hearing prior to any consideration of registration termination. All appeals from the State Board of 16 Education's decisions to terminate registration shall be made to the Administrative Law Court.

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- 18 Section (X). Section 59-40-60(F)(8) of the S.C. code is further amended to read:
- 19 (8) a description of the governance and operation of the charter school, including a detailed school
- start-up plan, resumes and background information on the charter committee members, the capacity
- 21 and experience of the school leadership and management team, any involvement with the replication
- 22 of existing successful public charter schools, any proposed management company or educational
- 23 service provider responsibilities, and the nature and extent of parental, professional educator, and
- 24 community involvement in the governance and operation of the charter school;
- 25 () a copy of any proposed management or educational service provider contracts contemplated by the
- 26 <u>charter school. The contract must include a term sheet that sets forth the length of the contract, the</u>
- 27 roles and responsibilities of the governing board of the charter school, the staff of the charter school
- and the staff of the management company, the scope of services and resources to be provided by the
- 29 management company, the performance evaluation measures and timelines, the compensation
- 30 structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the charter management organization,
- 31 the methods of contract oversight and enforcement, the conditions of renewal and termination of the
- 32 contract and assurances that the governing board of the charter school, at all times, maintains
- 33 independent fiduciary oversight and authority over the school budget and ultimate responsibility for
- 34 the school's performance.
- 35 SECTION 4. Section 59-40-75 of the S.C. Code, as last amended by Act 32 of 2021, is further
- 36 amended to read:

Section 59-40-75. (A) A member of the South Carolina Public Charter School District or of the governing board or sponsor of the an authorizer or charter school governing board who is indicted in any court for any crime, or has waived the indictment if permitted by law, may be suspended by the Governor, who shall appoint another in his stead until he is acquitted, or the charges are dismissed. In case of conviction, the office must be declared vacant by the Governor and the vacancy filled as provided by law-in the same manner as provided for full term appointments.

(B) Notwithstanding another provision of law to the contrary, members of an authorizer or charter school board of directors governing board who willfully commit or engage in an act of malfeasance, misfeasance, chronic unexcused absenteeism, conflicts of interest, misconduct, or persistent neglect of duty in office, or are deemed medically incompetent or medically incapacitated, may be removed from office must be subject to removal by the Governor upon any of the forgoing causes being made to appear to the satisfaction of the Governor. Before removing the any such officer, the Governor shall inform him in writing of the specific charges brought against him and give him an opportunity on reasonable notice to be heard. Vacancies occurring in the membership of any governing board of directors as a result of removal pursuant to this subsection must be filled in the manner provided in the charter school's bylaws of the charter school or sponsor, as applicable, same manner as provided for full term appointments.

(C) Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Governor that probable cause exists to charge a member of the South Carolina Public Charter School District or of the governing board of an authorizer or a the charter school who has the custody of public or trust funds with embezzlement or the appropriation of public or trust funds to private use, then the Governor shall direct his immediate prosecution by the proper officer.

(D) A member of an authorizer-sponsor or charter school governing board may not be employed or have a direct or indirect financial interest in a charter or education management company.

27 SECTION (X). Section 59-40-90 of the S.C. Code, is amended to read:

Section 59-40-90. A final decision of the school district or a public or independent institution of higher learning sponsor may be appealed by any party to the Administrative Law Court as provided in Sections 1-23-380(B) and 1-23-600(D). An appeal of any final decision made pursuant to this Chapter must be made to the Administrative Law Court as provided in Sections 1-23-380(B) and 1-23-600(D).

SECTION 5. Section 59-40-115 of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

Section 59-40-115. (A) A charter school <u>voluntarily</u> may terminate its <u>charter and</u> contract with <u>a the</u> <u>sponsor authorizer</u> before the <u>expiration of the</u> ten-year term of <u>the</u> contract <u>if all parties under contract</u>

with the charter school agree to the dissolution. A charter school that terminates its contract with a sponsor directly may seek application for the length of time remaining on its original contract from another sponsor by a majority vote of the charter school board, which constitutes a dissolution event of the corporation.

- (B) In order for a charter school to transfer its charter to another authorizer, it must obtain the approval of its current authorizer and the proposed new authorizer pursuant to procedures in this section.
- (1) A charter school shall submit a written request to the current authorizer to transfer its charter to a different authorizer before September first. The transfer must be effective on July first of the following year.
- (2) The proposed new authorizer shall issue a written final decision approving or denying the request to transfer before October thirty-first. The request may be denied for any reason that is not arbitrary, capricious, discriminatory, or otherwise violative of law. The request to transfer may be denied by the proposed new authorizer for any reason however if the proposed authorizer determines the charter school's request to transfer is, to avoid accountability, prohibited by law or untimely the transfer must be denied. A copy of the final decision must be served on the charter school applying to transfer, the current authorizer, and the State Department of Education before November fifth.
- (3) If the proposed new authorizer approves the request to transfer, the current authorizer shall issue a final decision approving or denying the request to transfer before December thirty-first. The authorizer may, but is not required to, must permit the charter school to submit materials or information to support its transfer request, all of which must be submitted at least five business days before the board hearing. No hearing is required A hearing must be granted if a charter school makes a request at least five business days before the board hearing. If an authorizer fails to comply with this section, the State Department of Education may compel the authorizer to comply with this section by withholding the authorizer's fees related to the charter school seeking to transfer until a final decision is issued.
- (4) Items (1) through (3) must be conducted in the year in which the request was submitted following proper notice, public discussion, and a vote by the board during a public meeting in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act.
- (5) The current authorizer shall must deny a request to transfer to the proposed new authorizer if the current authorizer determines the charter school's request to transfer is to avoid accountability, prohibited by law, untimely, or other good cause to deny the transfer exits.
 - (6) Good cause to deny the charter school's transfer request includes, but is not limited to:
- (a) violations of the charter, contract, or applicable law, that have not been resolved by the charter school;
- (b) receipt of the lowest performance level rating under the state or federal accountability system at any grade level during the past two academic years by the charter school seeking to transfer;

1	(c) more than one two transfer requests by the charter school within a five-ten-year period; or
2	(d) the charter school has operated less than three two years with the current authorizer.
3	(7) The final decision of the current authorizer is appealable to the Administrative Law Court.
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5	SECTION 6. Section 59-40-150 of the S.C. Code is amended to read:
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7	Section 59-40-150. (A) The Department of Education shall disseminate information to the public,
8	directly and through sponsorsauthorizers, on how to form and operate a charter school and how to
9	utilize the offerings of a charter school.
10	(B) At least annually, the department shall provide upon request a directory of all charter schools
11	authorized under this chapter with information concerning the educational goals of each charter school,
12	the success of each charter school in meeting its educational goals, and procedures to apply for
13	admission to each charter school.
14	(C) The department shall fulfill all duties of the State Education Agency (SEA) for each authorizer
15	and shall provide technical assistance, oversight, and guidance to authorizers for compliance with LEA
16	responsibilities to the same extent as other LEAs in this State. Sanctions issued by the department
17	against an authorizer may be appealed to the Administrative Law Court and must be stayed pending
18	resolution of the appeal.
19	(D) The department shall annually review the policies, procedures, and performance of each
20	authorizer for compliance with the provisions of this chapter, state regulations, and other state and
21	federal law.
22	(E) The department shall bear the cost of complying with this section.
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24	SECTION 7. Section 59-40-180 of the S.C. Code is amended to read:
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26	Section 59-40-180. The State Board of Education shall promulgate regulations and develop
27	guidelines necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter, including standards to determine
28	compliance with this chapter and an application process for new authorizers and charter schools to
29	include a timeline for submission of applications that will allow for final decisions, including
30	Administrative Law Court appeal, by December first of the year preceding the charter school's opening
31	to be issued consistent with budget and funding needs.
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33	SECTION (X). The Code Commissioner is directed to change all references in Title 59 of the 1976
34	Code from the "Charter School Sponsor", "Sponsor(s)" and "School Sponsor(s)" to the "Charter School
35	Authorizer", "Authorizer(s)" and "School Authorizer(s)", as appropriate.
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1 SECTION 8. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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